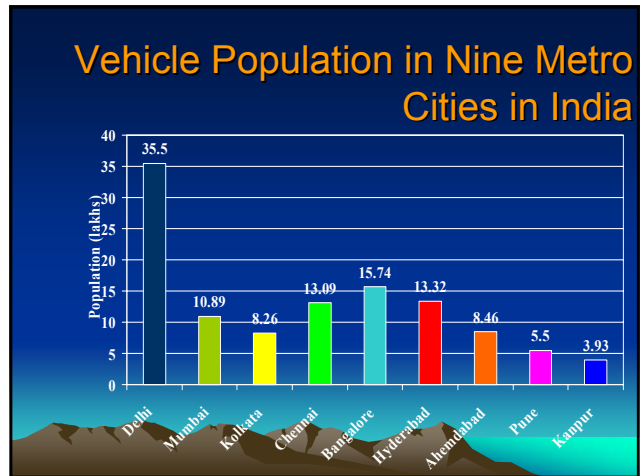
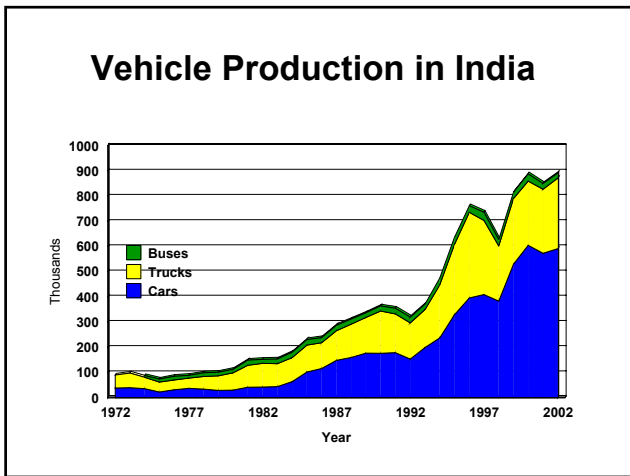
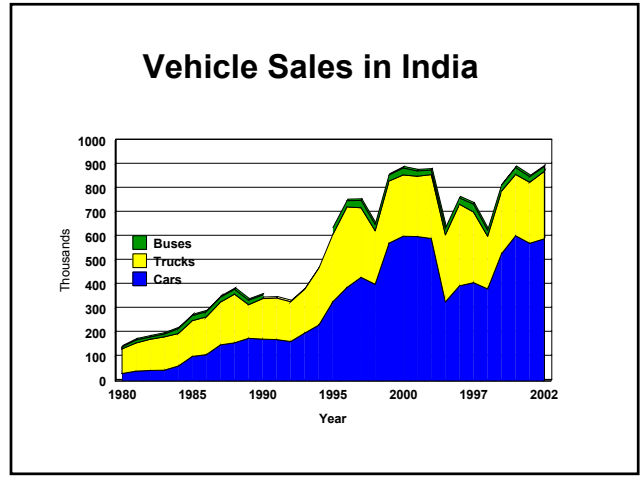
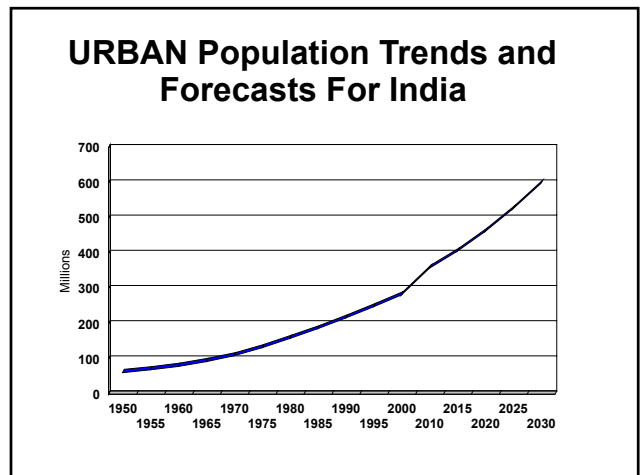
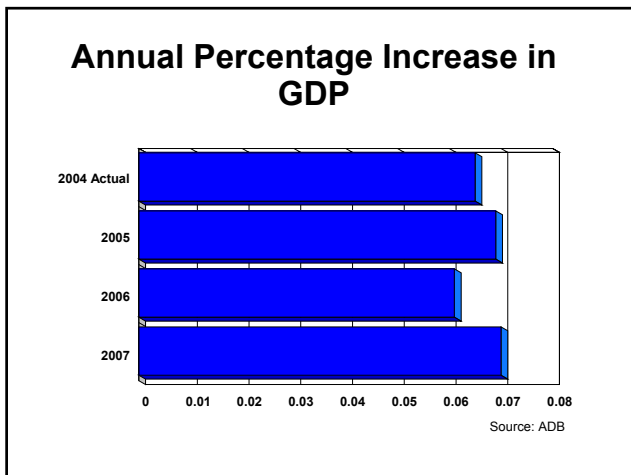
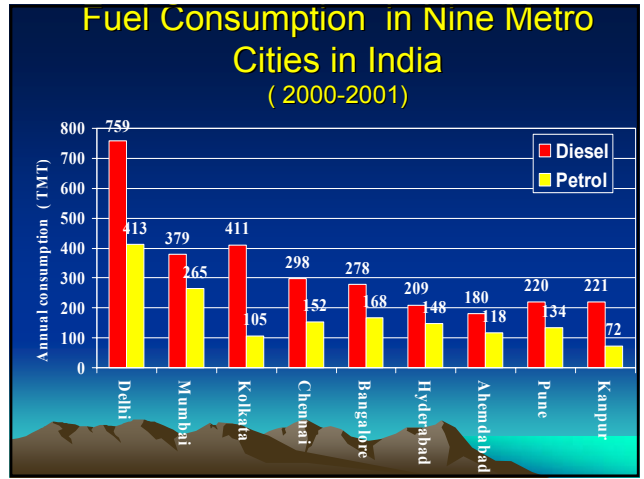
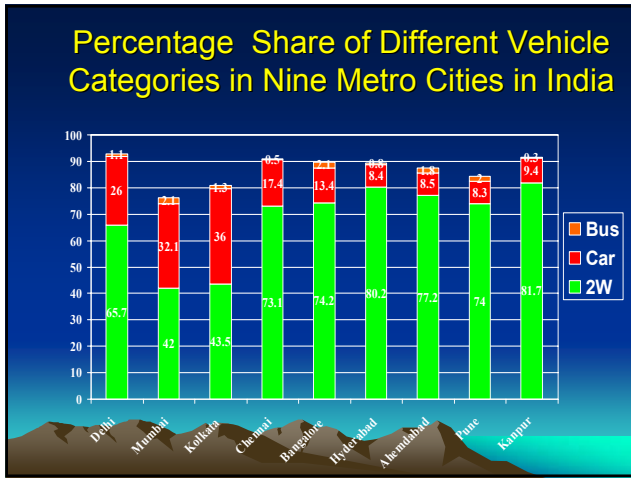


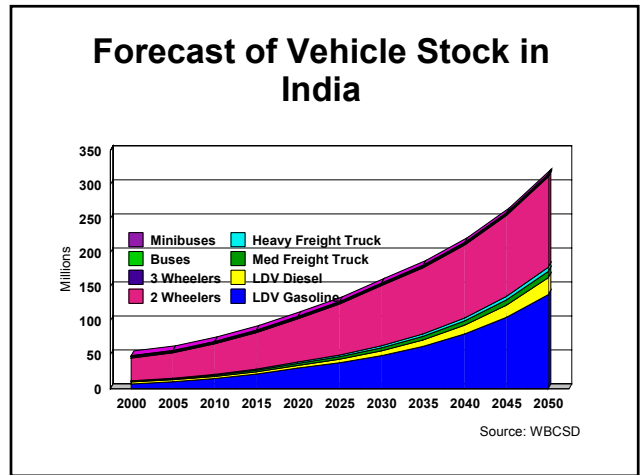
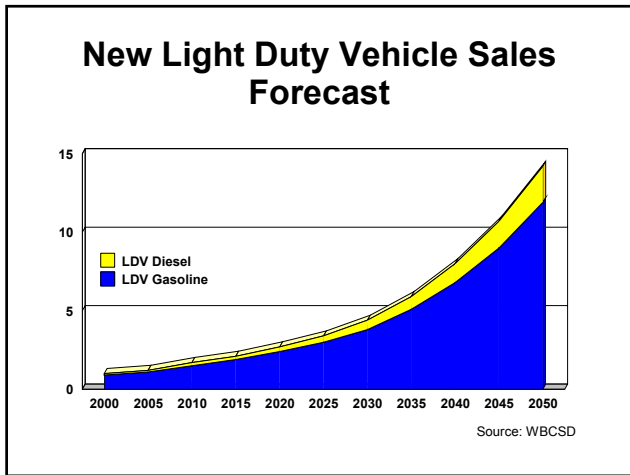
India: The Next Global Automotive Hub?



Michael P. Walsh
 SAE 2005 Technical Innovation Forum
 April 13, 2005







Non-Attainment Areas

Observed Annual Mean Concentration of a Criterion Pollutant

$$\text{Exceedence Factor} = \frac{\text{Observed Annual Mean Concentration of a Criterion Pollutant}}{\text{Annual Standard for the Respective Pollutant and Area Class}}$$

The Four Air Quality Categories are:


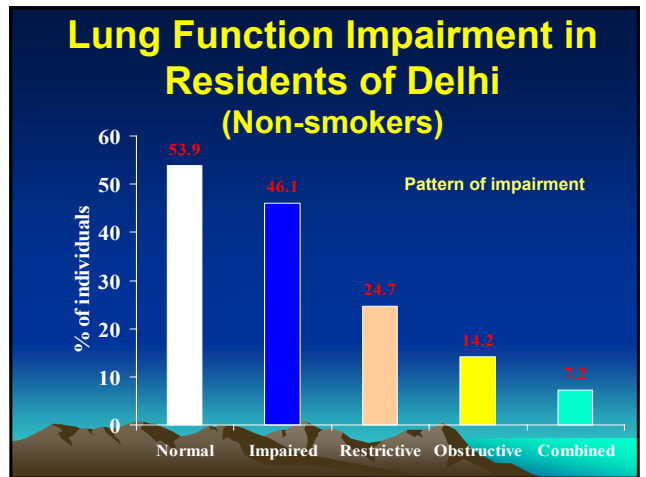
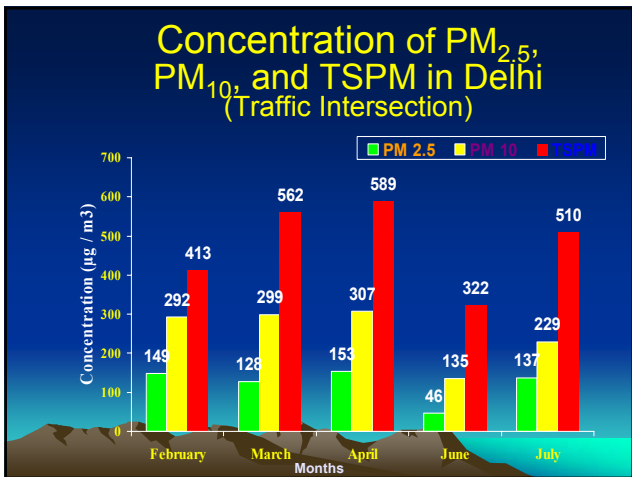
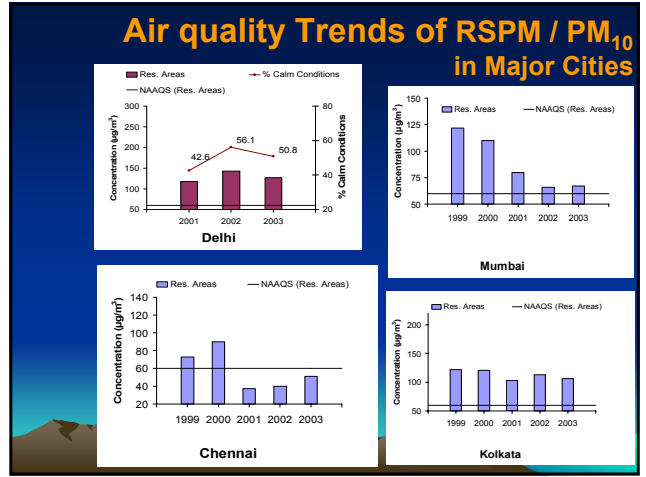
- Critical Pollution (C): When EF is more than 1.5;
- High Pollution (H): When EF is between 1.0 - 1.5;
- Moderate Pollution (M): When EF is between 0.5 - 1.0;
- Low Pollution (L): When the EF is less than 0.5.

Air Quality Status of India During 2003

Pollutants	Industrial				Residential			
	L	M	H	C	L	M	H	C
Sulphur dioxide	98 %	2 %	-	-	98 %	2 %	-	-
Nitrogen dioxide	85 %	12 %	3 %	-	70 %	25 %	5 %	-
Respirable Suspended Particulate Matter	13 %	37 %	28 %	22 %	2 %	17 %	28 %	53 %
Suspended Particulate Matter	31 %	46 %	18 %	2 %	5 %	17 %	26 %	52 %

Major Air Pollution Issues in India

1. Major Cities (53 non-attainment areas mainly due to vehicular pollution)
2. 24 – Critically polluted areas (Industrial Air Pollution)
3. Indoor Air Pollution (Rural Area) and Air Pollution in work zone area

Vehicular Pollution Control Initiatives

Norms	Cities of Implementation	Implementation
1991 emission norms	Throughout the country	1.4.1991/92
1996 emission norms	Throughout the country	1.4.1996
Cat converter norms (for passenger cars)	45 cities	1.10.1998
India stage 2000 norms	Throughout the country	1.4.2000
Bharat stage-II norms (Euro 2)	11 cities Throughout the country	2000-2003 1.4.2005
Bharat stage-III norms (Euro 3)	11 cities Throughout the country	1.4.2005 1.4.2010
Bharat stage-IV norms (Euro 4)	11 cities Throughout the country	1.4.2010 To be decided

Diesel Fuel Specification in India

YEAR	1996	2000	2005	2010
Cetane No, Min	45	48	48	51
Sulphur % W/w, Max	0.50	0.25 0.05 (METRO)	0.05	0.035
Distillation T95	-	370	370	360
Polyaromatic	-	-	-	11

Gasoline Specification in India

YEAR	1996	2000	2005	2010
RVP at 38deg.c.kpa	35-70	-	35-60	60
BENZENE %by Vol.,Max	5.0	5.0 3.0 (metros)	3.0 (all) 1.0 (metro)	1.0
Lead G/m3, Max	0.15%(low pb), 0.013% (unleaded)	0.013	0.013	0.005
Sulphur %by Mass,max	0.10(unleaded) 0.20 (leaded)	0.10	0.05	0.015
Aromatics % v/v., Max	-	-	45	42
Oxygen %by Vol.,max	-	-	2.0	2.7

Concluding Remarks

- India is poised to be a major hub
- The Vehicle Population is Expected To Grow Rapidly Driven By
 - GDP/Capita
 - Urbanization
- Such Growth Has the Potential To Exacerbate Existing Serious Air Pollution Problems
- To Prevent This From Occurring
 - Rapidly Improve Fuel Quality
 - Upgrade Vehicle I/M Program
 - Accelerate New Vehicle Controls
 - Retrofit Appropriate Vehicles
 - Substantially Improve Public Transportation
 - Better Land Use Planning

Thank You!

